Oxfordshire Pension Fund Audit results report Year ended 31 March 2021

September 2023





13 September 2023

Dear Committee Members

2020/21 Audit results report

We are pleased to attach an audit results report for the forthcoming meeting of the Audit and Governance Committee. We will update the Committee at its meeting on the completion of the audit work and explain the remaining steps for the issue of our final opinion.

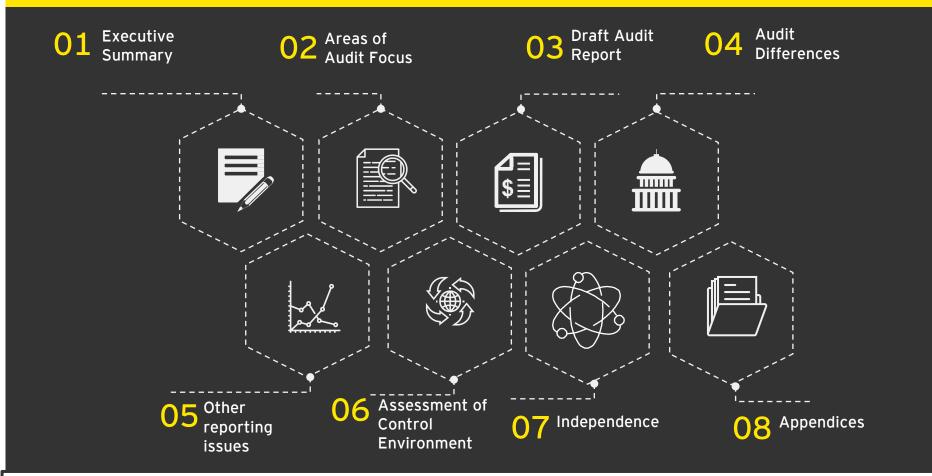
The audit is designed to express an opinion on the 2020/21 financial statements and address current statutory and regulatory requirements. This report contains our findings related to the areas of audit emphasis, our views on Oxfordshire Pension Fund's accounting policies and judgements and material internal control findings. Each year sees further enhancements to the level of audit challenge and the quality of evidence required to achieve the robust professional scepticism that society expects. We thank the management team for supporting this process. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Audit and Governance Committee and management. It is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the Committee meeting.

Yours faithfully

Kevin Suter, Partner For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Encl

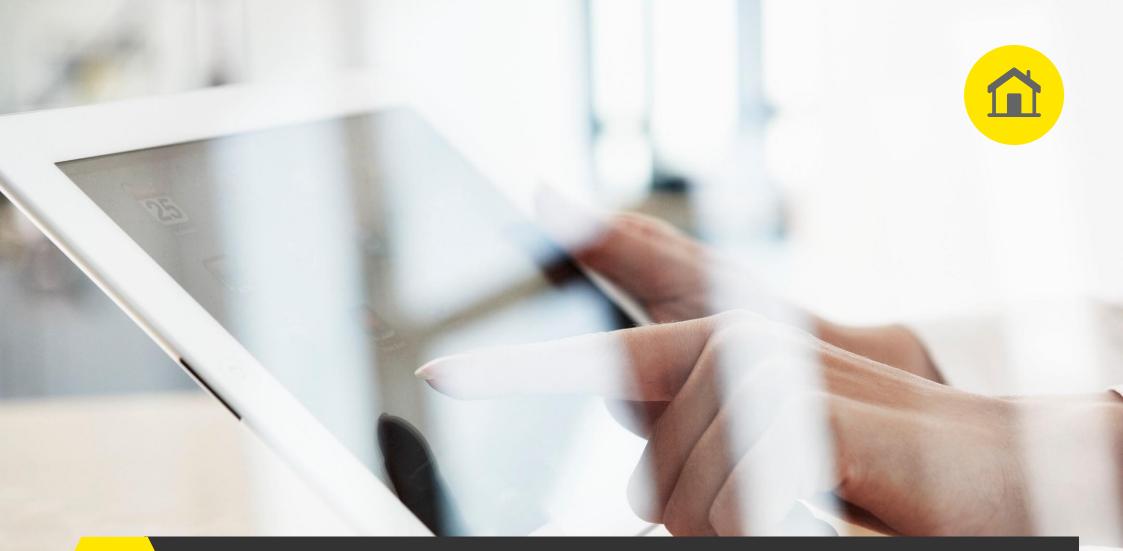
Contents



Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued the "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the PSAA website (<u>https://www.psaa.co.uk/audit-guality/statement-of-responsibilities/</u>). The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment and further guidance (updated April 2018)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This report is made solely to the Audit and Governance Committee and management of Oxfordshire Pension Fund in accordance with the statement of responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Audit and Governance Committee, and management of Oxfordshire Pension Fund those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Audit and Governance Committee and management of Oxfordshire Pension Fund for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.





Scope update

In our audit planning report presented to the 26 May 2020/21 Audit and Governance Committee meeting, we provided you with an overview of our audit scope and approach for the audit of the financial statements. We carried out our audit in accordance with this plan with the following updates.

Changes in materiality

We updated our planning materiality assessment using the draft financial statements and have also reconsidered our risk assessment.

	Planning Materiality	Performance Materiality	Audit Differences
	Our planning materiality represents 1% of the Fund's net assets, consistent year on year.	Performance materiality represents 75% of planning materiality and is set at the top of our range, which is consistent year on year.	We will report all uncorrected misstatements relating to the primary statements (net asset statement and fund account) greater than 5% of planning materiality.
Planned	£23.63 million	£17.72 million	£1.181 million
Final	£29.7 million	£22.27 million`	£1.485 million

Auditing accounting estimates

A revised auditing standard has been issued for the audit of accounting estimates. The revised standard requires auditors to consider inherent risks associated with the production of accounting estimates. These could relate, for example, to the complexity of the method applied, subjectivity in the choice of data or assumptions or a high degree of estimation uncertainty. As part of this, auditors now consider risk on a spectrum (from low to high inherent risk) rather than a simplified classification of whether or not there is a significant risk. At the same time, we may see the number of significant risks we report for accounting estimates to increase as a result of the revised guidance in this area. The changes to the standard have affected the nature and extent of information requested and the level of audit work required. This applies to the audit work on the valuation of level 2 and level 3 investments, and the actuarial estimate of the promised value of pension benefits disclosure.



Status of the audit

Our audit work in respect of the Fund opinion is complete. The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures were outstanding at the date of this report.

- Update of our subsequent events procedures to the date of our opinion
- Receipt of a signed letter of management representation
- We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2020/21 with the audited financial statements. The audit of the full annual statement of accounts of Oxfordshire County Council for the year ended 31 March 2021 is not yet complete.

The audit process for the Pension Fund is essentially complete. However, because the statements are part of the County Council's statements we are unable to sign off separately. There is a technical issue on the audit of infrastructure assets which has delayed the sign-off of the Council's own financial statements. This is a national issue on which CIPFA have been taking the lead.

Audit differences

We noted the following differences as part of our testing.

- Understatements in the valuation of the pooled investments amounting to £7.3 million and £2.1 million relating to Adams Street and Capital Dynamics investments. The errors mainly relate to the difference between the updated valuation received from the fund manager and the amount reflected in the accounts of the Pension Fund. The related investment notes is affected by the mentioned adjustments.
- Understatement in the valuation of pooled property investments amounting to £3.0 million relating to Bridges investments. The error mainly relates to the difference between the net asset value from the audited accounts of the investment fund and the amount reflected in the accounts of the Pension Fund. The related investment notes is affected by the mentioned adjustments.
- Reclassification of pooled property funds from Level 2 to Level 3 fair value hierarchy classification due to absence of support to ascertain that the investments are correctly classified as Level 2.
- Inconsistencies between the main accounts and the related notes in the statement of accounts of the Pension Fund.

The Fund has agreed to adjust the findings above. We include further details in Section 4.



Areas of audit focus

Our audit plan identified significant risks and areas of focus for our audit of the Authority's financial statements. We summarise below our latest findings. This report sets out our observations and status in relation to these areas, including our views on areas which might be conservative and areas where there is potential risk and exposure. Our consideration of these matters and others identified during the period is summarised in the "Areas of Audit Focus" section of this report.

Fraud risks	Findings & conclusions
Misstatements due to fraud or error	We carried out standard procedures to address fraud risks as set out in our audit plan, including identifying risks, considering controls and their effectiveness, testing journal entries and looking at estimates for evidence of management bias. Using data analytics is central to our approach.
Risk of manipulation of Investment income and valuation.	We considered this risk to be centred on inappropriate journals. Our testing of journals involving investment income and valuation did not raise any issues.

Significant risk	Findings & conclusions
Valuation of complex investments (unquoted and pooled investments)	We carried out additional procedures, as described more fully in Section 2 of this report, to gain material assurance over the year-end valuation of the Fund's complex investments disclosed as level 3 in the fair value hierarchy, and therefore inherently more difficult to value.
	We concluded the testing of the accounts associated with significant risks as identified in the Audit Plan and we summarised our findings in the audit difference section.

Areas of audit focus	Findings & conclusions
Valuation of investments under level 2 fair value hierarchy	We carried out procedures as set out in our audit plan to ensure that these investment valuations are supported.
	We concluded the testing of the accounts associated with areas of audit focus as identified in the Plan. We have raised no issues from the procedures performed.



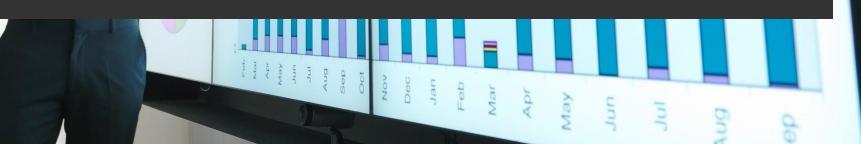
Control observations

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements and which is unknown to you.

Independence

Please refer to Section 7 for our update on Independence.

O2 Areas of Audit Focus



Fraud risk

Misstatements due to fraud or error

What is the risk?

The financial statements as a whole are not free of material misstatements whether caused by fraud or error.

As identified in ISA (UK) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

We:

- asked management about risks of fraud and the controls to address those risks;
- ensured we understood the oversight given by those charged with governance of management's processes over fraud; and
- considered the effectiveness of management's controls designed to address the risk of fraud.

We also performed mandatory procedures regardless of specifically identified fraud risks, including:

- testing the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements;
- assessing accounting estimates for evidence of management bias; and
- evaluating the business rationale for significant unusual transactions.

We used our data analytics capabilities to assist with our work, including journal entry testing. We assessed journal entries for evidence of management bias and evaluated for business rationale.

What are our conclusions?

Based on the work completed, we have not identified any material weaknesses in controls or evidence of material management override. We have not identified any instances of inappropriate judgements being applied or management bias. We have not identified any transactions during our audit which appeared unusual or outside the Pension Fund's normal course of business.

Fraud risk

Risk of inappropriate posting of investment valuation

What is the risk?

Investment valuations are manually input on to the general ledger, so there is opportunity to manipulate the valuation of investments and the resulting investment income.

Manipulating investments would increase the net value of pension fund assets, and increase the investment returns recognised in year.

Total Investments for 2020/21 were £2,909m (2019/20: £2,302m), and net investment income, profits and losses and disposal of investments and change in market value of Fund assets were +£588m (2019/20: -£156m)

As our planning performance materiality was £17.72m (increased to £22.27m as per the draft accounts), any manipulation over 1% would result in a material error to the value of investments.

What are we doing and what judgements did we focus on?

We:

- reconciled the investment value to both the fund manager and custodian reports. ►
- reviewed the investment accounts in the general ledger and investigated any unusual items ►
- performed journal entry testing we used our testing of journals to identify high risk transactions, such as items posted to investment or related accounts outside the ► normal process.

We also used our data analytics capabilities to assist our work, including journal entry testing. We assessed journal entries for evidence of management bias and evaluate for business rationale.

What are our conclusions?

Our work in this area did not raise any issues.

Significant risk

Valuation of complex investments

(Level 3 Fair Value hierarchy)

What is the risk?

Investments at Level 3 are those where at least one input that could have a significant effect on the asset's valuation is not based on observable market data. In 2020/21, \pounds 203m (2019/20: \pounds 291m) investments were reported as Level 3 investments in the financial statements).

Significant judgements are made by the Investment managers or administrators to value these investments whose prices are not publicly available. The material nature of Investments means that any error in judgement could result in a material valuation error.

Market volatility means such judgments can quickly become outdated, especially when there is a significant time period between the latest available audited information and the fund year end. Such variations could have a material impact on the financial statements. The COVID-19 pandemic is such an event.

What are we doing and what management judgements did we focus on?

We:

- reviewed the latest available audited accounts for the relevant funds and ensured that there are no matters arising that highlight weaknesses in the fund's valuation;
- where the latest audited accounts were not as at 31 March 2021, we have performed analytical and other procedures to assess the valuation for reasonableness against our own expectations; and
- tested that accounting entries were correctly processed in the financial statements.

We note that in the 2019/20 financial statements, pooled property assets were redefined as Level 3 assets (from Level 2 in previous years). In 2020/21 some of these investments were considered stable enough to be returned to the Level 2 category. We considered the reasonableness of the transfers to and from Level 3 to other levels of the fair value hierarchy.

What are our conclusions?

Based on the work completed, we have identified differences in the valuation of pooled investments and pooled property investments. We have summarised these in the audit difference section of this report.

Area of audit focus

Valuation of level 3 investments - further details on procedures/work performed

We:

- Triangulated the valuation reports from the fund managers and custodians to the entries in the financial statements.
- Corroborated the investment valuation from the fund manager from available market prices
- Obtained audited financial statements supporting the investments for investments that does not have available market prices
- Obtained controls assurance reports and bridging letters for the controls reports to year end and assessed whether exceptions were noted by the auditors.
- Considered the work performed by the fund managers, including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work.
- Challenged the key assumptions used by the fund managers in valuations and considered further whether specialist support is needed to support our work in this area. We concluded no such further support was necessary.
- Tested accounting entries had been correctly processed in the financial statements.

We obtained audited financial statements supporting valuations as at 31 March 2021 or the latest audited financial statements. We evaluated those financial statements to gain assurance that:

- The audit report was not qualified or otherwise modified.
- The audit report did not contained material uncertainties in respect of going concern and that there were no other matters emphasised that would impact valuation.
- The audit report was issued by a reputable auditor.

We also evaluated controls assurance reports to gain assurance they were not qualified and there were no specific control failures that could impact the valuation of investments. We assessed the quality of the controls underpinning the valuations.

For the related investments in which the audited financial statement dated other than 31 March 2021, we performed the following procedures:

- Agreed the net asset value investments to underpinning audited financial statements as at 31 December. We then adjusted the 31 December 2020 valuation for known calls and puts in the final quarter of the year assuming they occurred at the start of the quarter.
- Used available quarter 3 to 4 indices relevant to the type of investment to create a high/low range of movements for quarter 4 and applied that to the valuation derived for each investment. We confirmed that the range established was not greater than our performance materiality.
- We compared the valuation in the financial statements to the range established to gain assurance investments values in the financial statements were within the expected range.



Audit Report

Draft audit report

Our draft opinion on the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL

Opinion

We have audited the pension fund financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. The pension fund financial statements comprise the Fund Account, the Net Assets Statement and the related notes 1 to 29. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.

In our opinion the pension fund financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the pension fund during the year ended 31 March 2021 and the amount and disposition of the fund's assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2021; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2019/20.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the pension fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the Comptroller and Auditor General's (C&AG) AGN01, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Chief Financial Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of **12 months** from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Director of Finance with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the authority's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Statement of Accounts 2020/21 other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Director of Finance is responsible for the other information contained within the Statement of Accounts 2020/21.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



Audit Report

Our draft opinion on the financial statements

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014;
- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014; or
- we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

We have nothing to report in these respects

Responsibility of the Director of Finance

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Director of Finance's Responsibilities set out on page x the Director of Finance is responsible for the preparation of the Authority's Statement of Accounts, which includes the pension fund financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Director of Finance is responsible for assessing the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Pension Fund either intends to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Pension Fund and determined that the most significant are the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 (as amended), and The Public Service Pensions Act 2013.

We understood how Oxfordshire Pension Fund is complying with those frameworks by understanding the incentive, opportunities and motives for noncompliance, including inquiring of management, head of internal audit, and those charged with governance and obtaining and reading documentation relating to the procedures in place to identify, evaluate and comply with laws and

Our draft opinion on the financial statements

regulations, and whether they are aware of instances of non-compliance. We corroborated this through our reading of the Pension Fund Committee and Local Pension Board minutes, through enquiry of employees to confirm Pension policies, and through the inspection of employee handbooks and other information. Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures had a focus on compliance with the accounting framework through obtaining sufficient audit evidence in line with the level of risk identified and with relevant legislation.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Pension Fund's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by understanding the potential incentives and opportunities for management to manipulate the financial statements, and performed procedures to understand the areas in which this would most likely arise. Based on our risk assessment procedures we identified the manipulation of journal entries of the investment asset valuations to be our fraud risk.

To address our fraud risk we tested the consistency of the investment asset valuation from the independent sources of the custodian and the fund managers to the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any identified significant transactions that were unusual or outside the normal course of business.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of Oxfordshire County Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Council and the Council's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



04 Audit Differences

Mon, October 06, 02:58 Hong Kong







In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as "known" or "judgemental". Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of adjusted and uncorrected differences

We highlight any misstatements greater than £22.2 million corrected by management during the course of our audit. There are no corrected misstatement to bring to your attention.

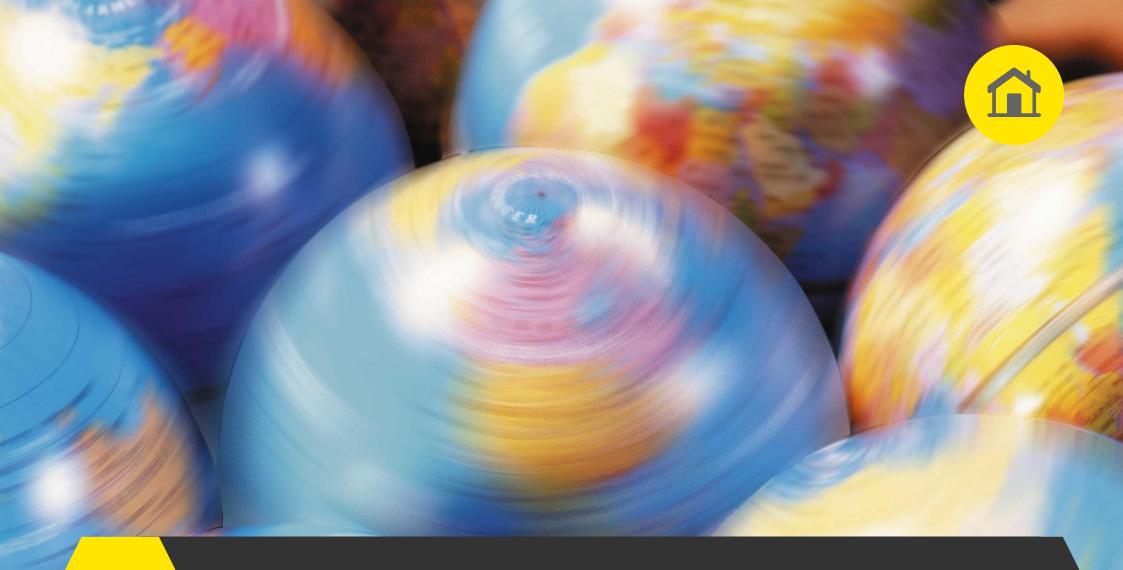
We report to you any corrected and uncorrected misstatements greater than our reporting level of £1.5 million. We have noted three misstatements above this amount.

- Understatement in the valuation of the pooled investments amounting to £7.3 million and £2.1 million mainly relating to all Adams Street investments and Capital Dynamics investments, respectively. Our testing, which compared investment value from December 2020 with March 2021 identified movement not in line with the market. We investigated the cause of this inconsistency from our expectation, and found that this relates to the difference in the updated capital account statement from the fund manager compared with the amounts reported in the statement of accounts of the Pension Fund.
- Understatement in the valuation of pooled property investments amounting to £3.0 million relating to Bridges investments. Our testing, which
 compared investment values from December 2020 with March 2021, identified movement not in line with the market. We investigated the cause of
 this inconsistency of the movement from our expectation, and found that it related to the difference in the net asset value obtained from the audited
 accounts for the investment and the amounts reported in the statement of accounts of the Pension Fund.

As a result of the above misstatement, all the investment-related disclosures needed updating in the final draft accounts of the Pension Fund. We also noted minor inconsistencies in the main accounts and its related notes of the Pension Fund.

Our review of fair value of hierarchy of investments reveals for FY 2020/21 and FY 2021/22 that some of the pooled property fund valuation are not in line with Level 2 fair value hierarchy and should be classified as Level 3. We investigated further and obtained explanation from the fund manager. The fund manager agreed that the pooled property fund should be classified as Level 3 as a prudent approach as there were no periodic and observable inputs to which the market values can be derived. As a result, the management agreed to transfer the pooled property fund from Level 2 to Level 3 and relevant disclosures were also updated as a resulted of the transfer.

The misstatements listed above were all agreed with the Pension Fund for correction in the final version of the accounts. There were no uncorrected misstatements which need to be communicated to the Audit and Governance Committee.



05 Other reporting issues



Consistency of other information published with the financial statements

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2020/21 with the audited financial statements. We are satisfied that the pension fund financial statements are consistent with the Other Information included in the full annual statement of accounts of Oxfordshire County Council for the year ended 31 March 2021. However, this is based on the draft accounts, and is subject to the finalisation of the audit and accounts of the County Council in case any amendments are made to the Other Information.

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Authority to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). We also have a duty to make written recommendations to the Authority, copied to the Secretary of State, and take action in accordance with our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. We have had no reason to exercise these duties.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Fund's financial reporting process. We have no matters to report.



06 Assessment of Control Environment



Service Assessment of Control Environment

Financial controls

Our responsibilities

It is the responsibility of the Fund to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Fund has put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed. As we have adopted a fully substantive approach, we have therefore not tested the operation of controls. Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

Findings

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in internal control.



Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards

The FRC Ethical Standard requires that we provide details of all relationships between Ernst & Young (EY) and the Fund, and its members and senior management and its affiliates, including all services provided by us and our network to the Fund, its members and senior management and its affiliates, and other services provided to other known connected parties that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the our integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence and the related safeguards that are in place and why they address the threats. There are no relationships from 1 April 2020 to the date of this report which we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and

Services provided by Ernst & Young

objectivity.

The table below sets out a summary of the fees that you have paid to us in the year ended 31 March 2021 in line with the disclosures set out in FRC Ethical Standard and in statute.

As at the date of this report, there are no future services which have been contracted and no written proposal to provide non-audit services has been submitted.

	Planned fee 20/21	Final Fee 2019/20
	£	£
Scale Fee - Code work	18,563	18,563
Fee variation	TBC (1)	15,819 (2)
Additional fee for IAS19 assurance work on behalf of admitted bodies	5,500	5,500
Total Pension Fund fee	твс	39,822

Fees are presented exclusive of VAT.

- (1) PSAA have written to all local government bodies indicating scale fees are likely to be varied due to the adoption of the revised auditing standard on estimates, ISA540. Additionally the audit has encountered delays and identified errors. We will quantify our proposed fee variation at the completion of the audit, discuss with management and submit to the PSAA.
- (2) PSAA have determined the variation for the prior year audit (2019/20) as shown.



Other communications

EY Transparency Report 2021

Ernst & Young (EY) has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained.

Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report was issued in November 2021:

EY UK 2021 Transparency Report | EY UK



O8 Appendices

🖹 Appendix A

Audit approach update

We summarise below our approach to the audit of the net asset statement and any changes to this approach from the prior year audit.

Our audit procedures are designed to be responsive to our assessed risk of material misstatement at the relevant assertion level. Assertions relevant to the balance sheet include:

- Existence: An asset, liability and equity interest exists at a given date
- Rights and Obligations: An asset, liability and equity interest pertains to the entity at a given date
- Completeness: There are no unrecorded assets, liabilities, and equity interests, transactions or events, or undisclosed items
- Valuation: An asset, liability and equity interest is recorded at an appropriate amount and any resulting valuation or allocation adjustments are appropriately recorded
- Presentation and Disclosure: Assets, liabilities and equity interests are appropriately aggregated or disaggregated, and classified, described and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. Disclosures are relevant and understandable in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework

There were no significant changes to our audit approach, but as a result of the introduction of IA540 (revised) we did undertake more detailed procedures to gain assurance over the valuation of both level 3 investments and the IAS 26 disclosure of the actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits disclosed as a note to the accounts.

🖹 Appendix B

Required communications with the Audit, Regulation and Accounts Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the audit committees of UK clients. We have detailed these here together with a reference of when and where they were covered:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	📅 👽 When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Regulation, Audit and Accounts Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter.	Audit Plan - dated May 2021
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified.	Audit Plan - dated May 2021
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	Audit Results Report - dated September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	🛗 👽 When and where
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements 	No conditions or events have so far been identified, either individually or together to raise any doubt about Oxfordshire Pension Fund's ability to continue for the 12 months from the date of our report.
Misstatements	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Material misstatements corrected by management 	Audit Results Report - dated September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022
Subsequent events	 Enquiry of the Regulation, Audit and Accounts committee where appropriate regarding whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements. 	Audit Results Report - dated September 2021 and up to the date of our audit report. Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022
Fraud	 Enquiries of the Regulation, Audit and Accounts Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the Pension Fund Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the Fund, any identified or suspected fraud involving: a. Management; b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Regulation, Audit and Accounts Committee responsibility. 	Audit Results Report - dated September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	🗰 💎 When and where
Related parties	 Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the Fund's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions Disagreement over disclosures Non-compliance with laws and regulations Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the Pension Fund 	Audit Results Report - September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022
Independence	 Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence. Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence Communications whenever significant judgments are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place. For public interest entities and listed companies, communication of minimum requirements as detailed in the FRC Revised Ethical Standard 2019: Relationships between EY, the company and senior management, its affiliates and its connected parties Services provided by EY that may reasonably bear on the auditors' objectivity and independence Related safeguards Fees charged by EY analysed into appropriate categories such as statutory audit fees, tax advisory fees, other non-audit service fees A statement of compliance with the Ethical Standard, including any non-EY firms or external experts used in the audit 	Audit Plan - dated May 2021 and Audit Results Report - September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	🛗 💎 When and where
	 Details of any inconsistencies between the Ethical Standard and the Fund's policy for the provision of non-audit services, and any apparent breach of that policy Details of any contingent fee arrangements for non-audit services Where EY has determined it is appropriate to apply more restrictive rules than permitted under the Ethical Standard The audit committee should also be provided an opportunity to discuss matters affecting auditor independence 	
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	We have received all requested confirmations
Consideration of laws and regulations	 Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur Enquiry of the audit committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the audit committee may be aware of 	We have asked management and those charged with governance. We have not identified any material instances or non- compliance with laws and regulations
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	 Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit. 	Audit Results Report - September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	🗰 💡 When and where
Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	 Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance 	Audit Results Report - September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	 Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise 	Audit Results Report - September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022
Auditors report	 Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report 	Audit Results Report - September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022
Fee Reporting	 Breakdown of fee information when the audit planning report is agreed Breakdown of fee information at the completion of the audit Any non-audit work 	Audit Plan - dated May 2021 and Audit Results Report - September 2021 Updated ARR - dated November 2021 Final ARR - dated September 2022

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Oxfordshire Pension Fund - anticipated draft, based on the current position of the audit. Further representations may be required.

Management Representation Letter

xx September 2023

Kevin Suter Partner Ernst & Young LLP Grosvenor House, Grosvenor Square Southampton SO15 2BE

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Oxfordshire Pension Fund ("the Fund") for the year ended 31 March 2021 We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund during the period from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 and of the amount and disposition of the Fund's assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2021, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the period, have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of the Fund's financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21.

2. We confirm that the Fund is a Registered Pension Scheme. We are not aware of any reason why the tax status of the scheme should change.

3. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Fund, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the financial statements. We believe the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position and the financial performance of the Fund in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21, and are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We have approved the financial statements.

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4. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are appropriately described in the financial statements.

5. As members of management of the Fund, we believe that the Fund has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/2021 that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. We have disclosed to you any significant changes in our processes, controls, policies and procedures that we have made to address the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our system of internal controls.

6. There are no unadjusted audit differences identified during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented.

B. Non-compliance with laws and regulations including fraud

1. We acknowledge that we are responsible for determining that the Fund's activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible for identifying and addressing any non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

2. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.

3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.

4. We have not made any reports to The Pensions Regulator, nor are we aware of any such reports having been made by any of our advisors.

5. There have been no other communications with The Pensions Regulator or other regulatory bodies during the Fund year or subsequently concerning matters of noncompliance with any legal duty.

6. We have no knowledge of any identified or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations, including fraud that may have affected the Fund (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by "whistleblowers"), including non-compliance matters:

Involving financial improprieties

• Related to laws or regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Fund's financial statements

► Related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Fund, its ability to continue, or to avoid material penalties

• Involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal control, or others

► in relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other non-compliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others

C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions

1. We have provided you with:

• Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters.

• Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.

• Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.

2. You have been informed of all changes to the Fund rules.

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3. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements, **including those related to the COVID-19** pandemic.

4. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of members of the management of the Fund and committees of members of the Fund (or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared) held through 2020/21 to the most recent meeting of the Audit and Governance Committee on 15 September 2021.

5. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Fund's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the year end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.

6. We have disclosed to you, and the Fund has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.

7. No transactions have been made which are not in the interests of the Fund members or the Fund during the fund year or subsequently.

8. We believe that the methods, significant assumptions and the data we used in making accounting estimates and related disclosures are appropriate and consistently applied to achieve recognition, measurement and disclosure that is in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/2021.

9. From 26 November 2020 (the date of our last management representation letter) through the date of this letter we have disclosed to you any unauthorized access to our information technology systems that either occurred or to the best of our knowledge is reasonably likely to have occurred based on our investigation, including of reports submitted to us by third parties (including regulatory agencies, law enforcement agencies and security consultants), to the extent that such unauthorized access to our information technology systems is reasonably likely to have a material impact to the financial statements, in each case or in the aggregate.

D. Liabilities and Contingencies

1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the financial statements.

2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.

3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities relating to litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in Note 25 to the financial statements all guarantees that we have given to third parties.

E. Going Concern

Note [X] to the financial statements discloses all the matters of which we are aware that are relevant to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, including significant conditions and events, our plans for future action, and the feasibility of those plans.

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F. Subsequent Events

1. Other than described in the financial statements, there have been no events, (including events related to the COVID-19 pandemic and including events related to the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus), subsequent to the period end with a material impact that requires adjustment of, or disclosure in, the financial statements or notes thereto.

G. Other information

1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information other than the pension fund financial statements, contained within the Oxfordshire Council Statement of Accounts 2020/21.

2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

3. We will provide to you the final version of documents when available [or X date] and prior to issuance by us, such that you can perform your procedures.

H. Independence

1. We confirm that, under section 27 of the Pensions Act 1995, no members of the management of the Fund of the Scheme is connected with, or is an associate of, Ernst & Young LLP which would render Ernst & Young LLP ineligible to act as auditor to the Scheme.

I. Derivative Financial Instruments

1. We confirm that the Fund has made no direct investment in derivative financial instruments.

J. Pooling investments, including the use of collective investment vehicles and shared services

1. We confirm that all investments in pooling arrangements, including the use of collective investment vehicles and shared services, meet the criteria set out in the November 2015 investment reform and criteria guidance and that the requirements of the LGPS Management and Investment of Funds Regulations 2016 in respect of these investments has been followed.

K. Actuarial valuation

1. The latest report of the actuary Hymans Robertson as at 31 March 2019 and dated 31 March 2020 has been provided to you. To the best of our knowledge and belief we confirm that the information supplied by us to the actuary was true and that no significant information was omitted which may have a bearing on his report.

L. Use of the Work of a Specialist

We agree with the findings of the specialists that we have engaged to value the investments held by the Fund and have adequately considered the qualifications
of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or
cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise
aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

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M. Estimates

Valuation of investments

1 We confirm that the significant judgments made in making the investment valuations have taken into account all relevant information and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic of which we are aware.

2. We believe that the selection or application of the methods, assumptions and data used by us have been consistently and appropriately applied or used in making the investment valuations.

3. We confirm that the disclosures made in the financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate, including those describing estimation uncertainty and the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, are complete and are reasonable in the context of CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/2021.

4. We confirm that appropriate specialized skills or expertise has been applied in making the investment valuations.

5. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate(s) and disclosures in the financial statements, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic

Yours faithfully,

Lorna Baxter Director of Finance

Cllr Roz Smith Chair of the Audit and Governance Committee

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ED None

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