# Parish Registers

# Background

Parishes were first ordered to keep registers of baptisms, marriages and burials in 1538 - no registers exist earlier than that date. Many parishes ignored the order and didn't keep them until decades later. Equally, many early registers have been lost over the centuries. Do not be surprised if the register you hope to find in the early period doesn't exist.

These are registers of **baptisms**, **marriages** and **burials**. No one kept registers of births and deaths before 1837, although a few clergy did write birth dates into the baptism registers. The registers of births and deaths are called Civil Registers and are held by the Registration Service.

In addition, registers of banns of marriage and service registers exist for some parishes.

## **Key Dates**

- 1538 the beginning of baptism, marriage and burial registration
- 1598 registers had to be written into parchment books, and copies (known as Bishop's Transcripts) sent to the Diocese.
- 1653 under Oliver Cromwell, registration was transferred to the civil authority. Many people hated this and didn't bother registering events for the next seven years, creating gaps in the record. Church registration returned in 1660.
- 1754 Hardwick's Act introduced printed marriage registers, which prevented people sneaking extra entries in between existing ones.
- 1812 Rose's Act introduced printed registers for baptisms and burials.
- **1837** civil registration of births, marriages and deaths began. However, Church registration of baptisms, marriages and burials continued.

# What will I find in the registers?

#### **Baptism registers**

- From 1538: name of child and date of baptism, sometimes parents' names, father's occupation and date of birth
- After 1812: name of child, date of baptism, parents' names, father's (or mother's if no father) occupation, where they live (town or area, not detailed address before the 20th century), sometimes date of birth



#### Marriage registers

- From 1538: names of husband and wife and date of marriage, sometimes whether marriage was by licence or banns, and if one party was from another parish the name of that parish
- After 1754: names of husband and wife, date of marriage, whether marriage was
  by licence or banns, the parishes of both husband and wife, names of witnesses,
  the officiating clergyman, signatures of parties who can write, but often just their
  marks, sometimes note of previous marital status and parental consent if needed
- After 1837: all the above, plus age, occupation of parties (their job), and fathers' names and occupations

#### **Burial registers**

- From 1538: name of deceased and date of burial, sometimes age, occupation, name of parents (if a child), cause of death, marital status - very occasionally other biographical details
- From 1812: name of deceased, date of burial, where they lived (town or area, not detailed address before the 20<sup>th</sup> century), age and the officiating clergyman, rarely occupation, names of parents (if a child), cause of death

#### Where are these records?

Almost all parishes have transferred at least some of their records to Oxfordshire History Centre.

Most of the parish registers we hold have been digitised. The majority are available to view via Ancestry including baptisms up to 1915, marriages up to 1930 and burials up to 1965 (subscription required or free to access at the History Centre). Some later 20th century registers are available to view on computers at Oxfordshire History Centre only. Transcripts and indexes of parish registers are also available to view at the History Centre.

For most parishes, a collection catalogue can be viewed online on <u>Heritage Search</u>. All parish collections have the prefix **PAR**. A list of parishes can be browsed within our catalogue list <u>here</u>, in section Parishes (Ecclesiastical).

The few parish catalogues not yet on Heritage Search are accessible in pdf form via the Digital resources for Oxfordshire History website.

### More information

- Oxfordshire History Centre catalogues
- Visiting Oxfordshire History Centre
- Contact us to book a visit to consult archive documents

